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	in Appendix XI of this part is prohibited, unless the waste, at the point of generation, or after any bona fide treatment such as cyanide destruction prior to combustion, can be demonstrated to comply with one or more of the following criteria (unless otherwise specifically prohibited from combustion):	prohibits combustion of specific wastes. The SSSTF does not include a combustion process.				·
	(d) It is a form of impermissible dilution, and therefore prohibited, to add iron filings or other metallic forms of iron to lead-containing hazardous wastes in order to achieve any land disposal restriction treatment standard for lead. Lead-containing wastes include D008 wastes (wastes exhibiting a characteristic due to the presence of lead), all characteristic wastes containing lead as an underlying hazardous constituent, listed wastes containing lead as a regulated constituent, and hazardous media containing any of the aforementioned lead-containing wastes.	(d) Not applicable to the SSSTF, Addition of iron filings is a specifically prohibited form of dilution.				
4u CFR 268.4	Treatment surface impoundment exemption.	Not Applicable	None	Not applicable	N/A	N/A
40 CFR 268.5	Procedures for case-by-case extensions to an effective date.	Not Applicable	None	Not applicable	N/A	N/A
40 CFR 268.6	Petitions to allow land disposal of a waste prohibited under subpart C of part 268.	Not Applicable	None	Not applicable	N/A	N/A
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities.	(a) Requirements for generators: (1) A generator of hazardous waste must determine if the waste has to be treated before it can be land disposed. This is done by determining if the hazardous waste meets the treatment standards in 40 CFR 268.40, 40 CFR 268.45, or 40 CFR 268.49. This determination can be made in either of two ways: testing the waste or using knowledge of the waste. If the generator tests	Administrative, Operational requirements for testing, tracking, and record keeping by generators of hazardous waste that will be shipped to SSSTF. Also applies to SSSTF waste that is treated or generated for disposal to the ICDF. Determination of the need for treatment of waste can be made in either of two ways: testing the	40 CFR 268.40 40 CFR 268.45	See Treatment Standards for hazardous waste, this table.  Alternative treatment standards for hazardous debris	Administrative	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification 1.3 Record Keeping 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
	the waste, testing would normally determine the total concentration of hazardous constituents, or the concentration of hazardous constituents in an extract of the waste obtained using test method 1311 in	waste or using knowledge of the waste.	40 CFR 268.49			
	"Test Methods of Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW- 846, as referenced in 40 CFR 260.11 of this chapter, depending on whether the treatment standard for the waste is expressed as a total concentration or	The waste will either be analyzed to determine the total concentration of hazardous constituents, or the	40 CFR 260.11 References	See this regulation within this table.  Test Method 1311 in "Test Methods of Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846.		

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	concentration of hazardous constituent in the waste's extract. In addition, some hazardous wastes must be treated by particular treatment methods before they	concentration of hazardous constituents in TCLP leachate, depending on whether the treatment standard for the waste is	40 CFR 268.42	See this regulation within this table.		
	can be land disposed and some soils are contaminated by such hazardous wastes. These treatment standards are also found in 40 CFR 268.40.	expressed as a total concentration or concentration of hazardous constituent in the waste's extract.	40 CFR 268.9	See this regulation within this table.		
	and are described in detail in 40 CFR 268.42, Table 1. These wastes, and solids contaminated with such wastes, do not need to be tested (however, if they are		40 CFR 268.5	See this regulation within this table.		
	in a waste mixture, other wastes with concentration level treatment standards would have to be tested). If a generator determines they are managing a waste or		40 CFR 268.6	See this regulation within this table.		
	soil contamination with a waste, that displays a hazardous characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity, they must comply with the		40 CFR 262.34	See this regulation within this table.		
	special requirements of 40 CFR 268.9 of this part in addition to any applicable requirements in this section.		40 CFR 261.2 through 261.6	See this regulation within this table.		
	(2) If the waste or contaminated soil does not meet the treatment standard: With the initial shipment of waste to each treatment or storage facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to	Administrative: if the incoming waste does not meet the Land Disposal Restriction treatment standards, and cannot be treated by the SSSTF	40 CFR 268, Appendix IV	See this regulation within this table.		
	each treatment or storage facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in the file. The notice must include	stabilization process to meet these standards, then the waste will not be	40 CFR 268.2	See this regulation within this table.		
	the information in column "268.7(a)(2)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in 40 CFR	accepted at the SSSTF for disposal to the ICDF.	40 CFR 262.20(e)	Not Applicable.		
	268.7(a)(4). No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or facility change, in which case a new notification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.		40 CFR 264.13 General Waste Analysis	An owner or operator treats, stores, or disposes of any hazardous wastes, or nonhazardous wastes must obtain a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the wastes.	Operations: SSSTF will need a waste analysis plan for treated waste.	
	(i) For contaminated soil, the following certification statement should be included, signed by an authorized representative:	Administrative (Generator Signature requirement)	40 CFR 266.20(b)	Not Applicable.		
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities. (continued)	I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined this contaminated soil and it [does/does not] contain listed hazardous waste and [does/does not] exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste and requires treatment to meet the soil treatment standards as provided by 40 CFR 268.49(c).  (3) If the waste or contaminated soil meets the treatment standard at the original point of generation:					
	(i) With the initial shipment of waste to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information indicated in column	·				

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	"268.7(a)(3)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in 40 CFR 268.7(a)(4) and the following certification statement, signed by an authorized representative:					
	I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined and am familiar with the waste through analysis and testing or through knowledge of the waste to support this certification that the waste complies with the treatment standards specified in 40 CFR 268, Subpart D. I believe that the information I submitted is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of a fine and imprisonment.					
	(ii) For contaminated soil, with the initial shipment of wastes to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each facility receiving the waste and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in "268.7(a)(3) of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in 40 CFR 268.7(a)(4).					
	(4) For reporting, tracking, and record keeping when exceptions allow certain wastes or contaminated soil that do not meet the treatment standards to be land disposed: There are certain exemptions from the requirement that hazardous wastes or contaminated soil meet treatment standards before they can be land disposed. These include, but are not limited to case-by-case extensions under 40 CFR 268.5, disposal in a no-migration unit under 40 CFR 268.6, or a national capacity variance or case-by-case capacity variance under subpart C of this part. If a generator's waste is so exempt, then with the initial shipment of waste, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each land disposal facility receiving the waste.	(4) Administrative. Applies only for waste accepted on a case-by-case basis				
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for generators, treaters,	The notice must include the information indicated in column "268.7(a)(4)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table below. If the waste changes, the generator must send a new notice to the receiving facility, and place a copy in their files.					
and disposal facilities.	GENERATOR PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS TABLE (see 268.7)  5) If a generator is managing and treating prohibited waste or contaminated soil in tanks, containers, or containment buildings regulated under 40 CFR 262.34 to meet applicable LDR treatment standards	Operational Administrative/ Describes need for generator to develop written waste analysis plan if managing and treating prohibited waste or contaminated soil in tanks, containers, or containment buildings. SSSTF will need a waste				

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	found at 40 CFR 268.40, the generator must develop and follow a written waste analysis plan which describes the procedures they will carry out to comply with the treatment standards. (Generators treating hazardous debris under the alternative treatment standards of Table 1, 40 CFR 268.45, however, are not subject to these waste analysis requirements.) The plan must be kept on site in the generator's records, and the following requirements must be met:	analysis plan for waste treated at the SSSTF.				
	(i) The waste analysis plan must be based on a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the prohibited waste(s) being treated, and contain all information necessary to treat the waste(s) in accordance with the requirements of this part, including the selected testing frequency.					
	ii) Such plan must be kept in the facility's on-site files and made available to inspectors.					
	(iii) Wastes shipped off-site pursuant to this paragraph must comply with the notification requirements of 40 CFR 268.7(a)(3).					
	(6) If a generator determines that the waste or contaminated soil is restricted based solely on his knowledge of the waste, all supporting data used to make this determination must be retained on-site in the generator's files. If a generator determines that the waste is restricted based on testing this waste or an extract developed using the test method 1311 in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846, as referenced in 40 CFR 260.11 of this chapter, and all waste analysis data must be retained on-site in the generator's files.					
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities. (continued)	(7) If a generator determines that he is managing a prohibited waste that is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste or is exempted from Subtitle C regulation under 40 CFR 261.2 through 261.6 subsequent to the point of generation (including deactivated characteristic hazardous wastes managed in wastewater treatment systems subject to the Clean Water Act (CWA) as specified at 40 CFR 261.4(a)(2) or that are CWA-equivalent, or are managed in an underground injection well regulated by the SDWA), he must place a one-time notice describing such generation, subsequent exclusion from the definition of hazardous or solid					

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	waste or exemption from RCRA Subtitle C regulation, and the disposition of the waste, in the facility's on-site files.					
	8) Generators must retain on-site a copy of all notices, certifications, waste analysis data, and other documentation produced pursuant to this section for at least three years from the date that the waste that is the subject of such documentation was last sent to on-site or off-site treatment, storage, or disposal. The three-year record retention period is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested by the Administrator. The requirements of this paragraph apply to solid wastes even when the hazardous characteristic is removed prior to disposal, or when the waste is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste under 40 CFR 261.2 through 261.6, or exempted from Subtitle C regulation, subsequent to the point of generation.					
	9) If a generator is managing a lab pack containing hazardous wastes and wishes to use the alternative treatment standard for lab packs found at 40 CFR 268.42(c):					
	(i) With the initial shipment of waste to a treatment facility, the generator must submit a notice that provides the information in column "40 CFR 268.7(a)(9)" in the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table of paragraph (a)(4) of this section, and the following certification. The certification, which must be signed by an authorized representative and must be placed in the generator's files, must say the following:					
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities. (continued)	I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined and am familiar with the waste and that the lab pack contains only wastes that have not been excluded under appendix IV to 40 CFR 268 and that this lab pack will be sent to a combustion facility in compliance with the alternative treatment standards for lab packs at 40 CFR 268.42(c). I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a falsecertification, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.					
	(ii) No further notification is necessary until such time that the wastes in the lab pack change, or the receiving facility changes, in which case a new notice and certification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.					

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	(iii) If the lab pack contains characteristic hazardous wastes (D001-D043), underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 40 CFR 268.2(i)) need not be determined.					
	(iv) The generator must also comply with the requirements in paragraphs (a)(6) and (a)(7) of this section.	Operational Requirement for treatment facilities to test waste according to the waste analysis plan.				
	(10) Small quantity generators with tolling agreements pursuant to 40 CFR 262.20(e) must comply with					
	40 CFR 268.7 (b) Treatment facilities must test their wastes according to the frequency specified in their waste analysis plans as required by 40 CFR 264.13 (for permitted TSDs) or 40 CFR 265.13 (for interim status facilities). Such testing must be performed as provided in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section.  (1) For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed in the waste extract (TCLP), the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test an extract of the treatment residues, using test method 1311 (the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure, described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846 as incorporated by reference in 40 CFR 260.11 of this chapter) to assure that the treatment residues extract meet the applicable treatment standards.  (2) For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed as concentrations in the waste, the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test the treatment residues (not an extract of such residues) to assure that they meet the applicable treatment standards.	For waste or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed in the waste extract (TCLP), the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test an extract of the treatment residues using test method 1311 (TCLP method). This will apply to D-code waste stabilized at the SSSTF.  For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed as concentrations in the waste, the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test the treatment residues (not an extract of such residues) to assure that they meet the applicable treatment standards.				
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for	(3) A one-time notice must be sent with the initial shipment of waste or contaminated soil to the land disposal facility. A copy of the notice must be placed in the treatment facility's file.	Operational requirement to send notice to ICDF.				
generators, treaters, and disposal facilities. (continued)	(i) No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or receiving facility change, in which case a new notice must be sent and a copy placed in the treatment facility's file.		ż			
	(ii) The one-time notice must include these requirements:					
	TREATMENT FACILITY PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS TABLE (see 268.7)	Operational: The following required one- time notice information must be supplied	-			

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		by the SSSTF to the ICDF for disposal of treated wastes:				
	·	1) EPA Hazardous Waste Number and manifest number of first shipment,				
		2) The waste is subject to the LDRs. List the constituents of concern for any F001-F039 waste and list the underlying hazardous constituents in characteristic waste. If the waste is treated and monitored for all constituents, there is no need to put them all on the LDR notice.				
		3) Include the applicable wastewater/nonwastewater category (268.2 (d) and (f) and subdivisions made within a waste code base on wastespecific criteria.				
	(4) The treatment facility must submit a one-time certification signed by an authorized representative with the initial shipment of waste or treatment residue of a restricted waste to the land disposal facility. The certification must state:	4) Waste analysis data (when available)				
	A certification is also necessary for contaminated soil and it must state:	Certifications: That the waste has been treated to meet the appropriate standards.  Must be supplied by generator of waste shipped Administrative only				
	(i) A copy of the certification must be placed in the treatment facility's on-site files. If the waste or treatment residue changes, or the receiving facility changes, a new certification must be sent to the receiving facility, and a copy placed in the file.	Simpled Administrative Only				
	40 CFR 268.7 (b)(5) and (6) are also certifications of waste treatment					
40 CFR 268.7 Testing, tracking, and record keeping requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities.	40 CFR 268.7 (c)  Except where the owner or operator is disposing of any waste that is a recyclable material used in a manner constituting disposal pursuant to 40 CFR 266.20(b) the owner or operator of any land disposal facility disposing of any waste subject to restrictions under this part must:					
(continued)	(1) Have copies of the notice and certifications specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section.	SSSTF Operations: requirement for disposal facility to keep certifications specified in (a) or (b) of 268.7 discussed above.				
	(2) Test the waste, or an extract of the waste or					

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	treatment residue developed using test method 1311 (the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure), described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846 as incorporated by reference in 40 CFR 260.11 of this chapter), to assure that the wastes or treatment residues are in compliance with the applicable treatment standards set forth in subpart D of this part. Such testing must be performed according to the frequency specified in the facility's waste analysis plan as required by 40 CFR 264.13 or 265.13 of this chapter.	SSSTF Operational: requirement to perform TCLP to assure treated wastes are in compliance with treatment standards. Testing of treated waste must be at frequency spelled out in SSSTF Waste Analysis Plan.				
	268.7(d) Generators or treaters who first claim that hazardous debris is excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 40 CFR 261.3(e) of this chapter (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology provided by Table 1, 40 CFR 268.45, and debris that the EPA Regional Administrator (or his designated representative) or State authorized to implement part 268 requirements has determined does not contain hazardous waste) are subject to the following notification and certification requirements:	268.7 (d) Requirements for generators or treaters who claim debris is excluded from definition of hazardous waste. May be applicable if D&D wastes are accepted.				
	268.7(e) Generators and treaters who first receive from EPA or an authorized state a determination that a given contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in 40 CFR 268.45(a) no longer contains a listed hazardous waste and generators and treaters who first determine that a contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in 40 CFR 268.49(a) no longer exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste must:	268.7(3) Administrative recordkeeping requirements for generators and treaters of waste with a "no longer contained-in" determination.				<ul><li>1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification</li><li>3.5 Solid Waste Treatment</li><li>3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>(1) Prepare a one-time only documentation of these determinations including all supporting information; and</li> <li>(2) Maintain that information in the facility files and</li> </ul>					
	other records for a minimum of three years.					
0 CFR 268.9 Special rules segarding wastes nat exhibit a sharacteristic	(a) The initial generator of a solid waste must determine each EPA Hazardous Waste Number (waste code) applicable to the waste in order to determine the applicable treatment standards under subpart D of this part. For purposes of part 268, the waste will carry the waste code for any applicable listed waste (Part 261, Subpart D). In addition, where the waste exhibits a characteristic, the waste will carry one or more of the characteristic waste codes (Part 261, Subpart C), except when the treatment	Administrative, hazardous waste determination requirements for generators. See requirements under 40 CFR 261, this table. This includes need to determine underlying hazardous constituents for D code (characteristic) waste.	40 CFR 268.42 40 CFR 268.2 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 268.7	See this regulation within this table.  See this regulation within this table.  See this regulation within this table.  See this regulation within this table.	N/A	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment

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	treatment standard for the characteristic waste, as specified in paragraph (b) of this section. If the generator determines that their waste displays a hazardous characteristic (and is not D001 nonwastewaters treated by CMBST, RORGS, OR POLYM of 40 CFR 268.42, Table 1), the generator must determine the underlying hazardous constituents (as defined at 40 CFR 268.2(i)) in the characteristic waste.					
	(b) Where a prohibited waste is both listed under 40 CFR 261, Subpart D and exhibits a characteristic under 40 CFR 261, Subpart C, the treatment standard for the waste code listed in 40 CFR 261, Subpart D will operate in lieu of the standard for the waste code under 40 CFR 261, Subpart C, provided that the treatment standard for the listed waste includes a treatment standard for the constituent that causes the waste to exhibit the characteristic. Otherwise, the waste must meet the treatment standards for all applicable listed and characteristic waste codes.	Operational, treatment standards for wastes that are both characteristic and listed. Does not apply to current design basis inventory.				
	(c) In addition to any applicable standards determined from the initial point of generation, no prohibited waste which exhibits a characteristic under 40 CFR 261, Subpart C may be land disposed unless the waste complies with the treatment standards under subpart D of this part.					
10 CFR 268.9 Special rules egarding wastes that exhibit a characteristic (continued)	(d) Wastes that exhibit a characteristic are also subject to 40 CFR 268.7 requirements, except that once the waste is no longer hazardous, a one-time notification and certification must be placed in the generators or treaters files and sent to the EPA region or authorized state. The notification and certification that is placed in the generators or treaters files must be updated if the process or operation generating the waste changes and/or if the subtitle D facility receiving the waste changes. However, the generator or treater need only notify the EPA region or an authorized state on an annual basis if such changes occur. Such notification and certification should be sent to the EPA region or authorized state by the end of the calendar year, but no later that December 31.					

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(i) Name and address of the RCRA Subtitle D facility receiving the waste shipment; and					
(ii) A description of the waste as initially generated, including the applicable EPA hazardous waste code(s), treatability group(s), and underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 40 CFR 268.2(i)), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents. If all underlying hazardous constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no requirement to list any of the underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.					
(2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4).					
(i) If treatment removes the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4)(iv) applies.					
Schedule for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984.	Not Applicable	None	N/A	N/A	
Surface impoundment exemptions.	Not Applicable	None	N/A	N/A	
Waste specific prohibitions-wood preserving wastes.	Not Applicable	None	N/A	N/A	
Waste specific prohibitions-Dioxin-containing wastes.	Not Applicable	None	N/A	N/A	
Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.	Not Applicable	None	N/A	N/A	
(a) Effective August 24, 1998, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in 40 CFR 261 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers D004-D011 that are newly identified (i.e. wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure), and waste, soil, or debris from mineral processing operations that is identified as hazardous by the specifications at 40 CFR 261.	(a) Administrative prohibition of waste.	40 CFR 261 40 CFR 268.5(h) 40 CFR 268.6 40 CFR 268.44 40 CFR 268.40 40 CFR 268.48	See this regulation within this table.	N/A	1.2 Transport Load Inspection and Verification 3.5 Solid Waste Treatment 3.6 Liquid Waste Treatment
	(i) Name and address of the RCRA Subtitle D facility receiving the waste shipment; and (ii) A description of the waste as initially generated, including the applicable EPA hazardous waste code(s), treatability group(s), and underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 40 CFR 268.2(i)), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents. If all underlying hazardous constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no requirement to list any of the underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.  (2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4).  (i) If treatment removes the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4)(iv) applies.  Schedule for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984.  Surface impoundment exemptions.  Waste specific prohibitions-wood preserving wastes.  Waste specific prohibitions-Dioxin-containing wastes.  (a) Effective August 24, 1998, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in 40 CFR 261 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers D004-D011 that are newly identified (i.e. wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure), and waste, soil, or debris from mineral processing operations that is identified	(i) Name and address of the RCRA Subtitle D facility receiving the waste shipment; and (ii) A description of the waste as initially generated, including the applicable EPA hazardous waste code(s), treatability group(s), and underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 40 CFR 268.2(i)), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents. If all underlying hazardous constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no requirement to list any of the underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.  (2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4). (i) If treatment removes the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4)(iv) applies.  Schedule for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984.  Surface impoundment exemptions.  Not Applicable  Waste specific prohibitions-wood preserving wastes.  Waste specific prohibitions-Dioxin-containing wastes.  Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.  Not Applicable  (a) Effective August 24, 1998, the following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in 40 CFR 261 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers D004-D011 that are newly identified (i.e. wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the specifications at 40 CFR 261.	(i) Name and address of the RCRA Subitite D facility receiving the waste shipment; and (ii) A description of the waste as initially generated, including the applicable EPA hazardous waste code(s), treatability group(s), and underlying bazardous constituents (as defined in 40 CFR 268.2(i)), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.  (2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4).  (i) If reatment removes the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.  (2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4).  (ii) If reatment removes the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in 40 CFR 268.7(b)(4)(iii) applies.  Schedule for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984.  Surface impoundment exemptions.  Not Applicable  None  Waste specific prohibitions-vood preserving wastes.  Waste specific prohibitions-Dioxin-containing wastes specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.  Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes specified in 40 CFR 261 as EFA Hazardous Waste specified in 40 CFR 261 as EFA Hazardous Waste specified in 40 CFR 261 as EFA Hazardous Waste specified in 40 CFR 261 as EFA Hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure), and waste, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Extraction Procedure), and waste, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the specifications at 40 CFR 261.	(i) Name and actives of the RCRA Subtists D facility receiving the waste shipment; and (ii) A description of the waste shipment; and (iii) A description of the waste as similally generated, including the applicable ERA hazerdous waste code(s), treatability group(s), and underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in 40 CPR 268.20), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents. If all underlying hazardous constituents to the stead and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.  (2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in 40 CPR 268.7(b)(4).  (3) If treatment ermoves the characteristic but does not most standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in 40 CPR 268.7(b)(4)(ry) applies.  Schedule for wastes sidentified or listed after November 8, 1984.  Sufface impoundment exemptions.  Not Applicable  None  None  N/A  Waste specific prohibitions-wood preserving wastes.  Not Applicable  None  None  N/A  Waste specific prohibitions-Doxin-containing wastes.  Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.  Not Applicable  None  N/A  Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.  Not Applicable  None  N/A  Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.  Not Applicable  None  N/A  Waste specific prohibitions-organo bromine wastes.  (a) Administrative prohibition of waste, are prohibited from land disposal; the wastes specified in 40 CPR 268.8  40 CPR 268.6  40 CPR 268.6  40 CPR 268.4  60 CPR 268.44  60 CPR 268.45  60 CPR 268.45  60 CPR 268.45  60 CPR 268.48  60 CPR 268.48	APARR Requirement  (i) Name and address of the RCRA Subbitle D Entity receiving the waste shipment and  (ii) A description of the waste as initially generated, and  (iii) A description of the waste as initially generated, and conditioning the pagingheb EPA hazardows waste code(s), restricting group(s), and underlying bazardows committeents.  (iii) A description of the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying bazardows committeents will be treated and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored, the intervention of the control of the standards applicable to underlying hazardows constituents on the created and general manufactures and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored, there is no requirement to the created and monitored, there is no requirement to the created and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored, the control of the list and monitored applicable to underlying hazardows constituents the one of the list and monitored and the monitored and monitored.  (ii) If treatment removes the characteristic but does not more as a single part of the list and monitored and the surface and monitored and the surface and monitored. The control of the list and monitored applicable to underlying hazardows and monitored, there is no requirement to list and monitored and monitored and monitored.  (iii) If the control of the list and monitored and monitored and moni